Cádiz

**Gastronomy**

The tasty gastronomy of Cádiz comprises the most spectacular chapter of Andalusia. The products of the land and the sea, combined with the centuries-old Guadalquivir river, create unforgettable experiences. The legends of Cádiz and southern Spain include the renowned dish from Cádiz, the rosas y tomates “Brebísada”, a local cured of the tasty fish. The billfish, whales, and the sea salt with a long history of production are still evidence of the old Cádiz. In the city, we can enjoy fresh seafood, grilled swordfish, eel, mussels, and the famous “chistorra”, a type of sausage. Snacks are a must in Cádiz, with the local “Bocadillo de Atún” and “Fritas de Mejillones”.

**Arts and Crafts**

There are many types of craftsmanship in the province. The most famous are the silver products from Chipiona and nearby villages which are characterized by international influence and modernism. In Chipiona, there is the Factory of Andalucian Silver and the workshops of various artists. In nearby Arcos de la Frontera, silver and gold from the local mines are transformed into various types of jewelry. The tour is led by the famous Silver Tour, which includes the workshops of the Silver Art of Andalusia.”

**History**

The Province of Cádiz, Spain is one of the most beautiful provinces in Spain, with a rich history and vibrant culture. The city of Cádiz, founded by the Phoenicians, is one of the oldest cities in Europe, with a history that dates back to the 13th century BC. The city was later conquered by the Romans, who built a fortress on the site of the present-day city.

**Weather**

Beneath a clear blue sky, the province of Cádiz enjoys a mild climate, with a monthly average temperature of 19°C. In winter, the city is warm, with temperatures ranging from 10°C to 20°C. In summer, the temperatures are high, with temperatures ranging from 25°C to 35°C. The province is known for its mild climate, which is characterized by moderate temperatures throughout the year.

**Districts of Cádiz**

La Janda

The Janda is a district of Cádiz, located in the south of the province. It is known for its beautiful beaches, including the beach of Bolonia, which is one of the cleanest in Spain. The district also has a rich history, with numerous historical sites, including the Roman city of Baelo Claudia.

La Barrosa

La Barrosa is a district of Cádiz, located in the north of the province. It is known for its beaches, including the famous beach of Bolonia. The district also has a rich history, with numerous historical sites, including the Roman city of Baelo Claudia.

The Gibraltar district

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**The Sierra de Cádiz White villages**

Bay of Cádiz

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**Low Guadalquivir

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..."Salty clarity" was how the poet described Roman GADES, the oldest city in Europe. Its peninsular location does not prevent it from being the capital of a land of fronts which, from the high peaks of the hills, falls down into the sea. Nature and man, in perfect symbiosis, recreate a diverse landscape, rich in beauty and charm: Spanish fir, holm oaks, pines, vineyards... and fertile farm land, housing white villages with a splendid architecture and a rich and varied cuisine.

The Mediterranean and the Atlantic surround a coast of 260 kilometres of beaches, from the estuary of the river Guadalquivir to the beaches bordering the province of Malaga. At the southernmost point of the south, on the tip of Tarifa, the "ocean sea" and the "Mare Nostrum", blend their waters to join the two continents in sisterhood.